

TESL

Grammar Workshop

Indefinite Pronouns

What You'll Learn:

- How to construct a proper sentence using **Indefinite Pronouns**.
- How to identify and know when to use the plural or singular verb form with each **Indefinite Pronoun**.

Why It's Important:

- To further your understanding of **Sentence Structure**.
- So you will know when to use plural and singular verb forms.

Indefinite Pronouns:

An **Indefinite Pronoun** refers to a person, place, or thing in a more general way than a personal pronoun does.

If the **Indefinite Pronoun** is singular, it takes a singular verb. If it is plural, it takes a plural verb.

For Example:

Singular: *Everybody* knows the answer.

Plural: *Many* Know the answer.

Singular: *Something* on the computer makes a beeping sound.

Plural: *Several* people try to win the race.

Indefinite Pronouns:

Some **Indefinite Pronouns** (*all, any, most, none, and some*) may take either a singular or plural verb, depending on the context of the sentence.

For Example:

Singular: *Some of the pie is gone.*

Plural: *Some of the neighbors are gone.*

Singular: *None of the paper is left.*

Plural: *None of the players are injured.*

Indefinite Pronouns:

Singular Indefinite Pronouns: *another, anybody, anyone, anything, each, either, everybody, everyone, everything, much, neither, nobody, no one, nothing, somebody, someone, something*

Plural Indefinite Pronouns: *both, few, many, several, others*

Singular or Plural Indefinite Pronouns: *all, any, most, none, some*